MID-WEEK PICTORIAL

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY

PUBLISHED BY The New York Times COMPANY

VOL. XI., NO. 8, APRIL 22, 1920.

PRICE TEN CENTS
[CANADA 15 CENTS]
SUBSCRIPTION \$5 A YEAR.
(CANADA \$6 A YEAR.)

In This Issue:

PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANTS No. IV:

GOVERNOR EDWARDS (full page)

FIRST GAME OF BASEBALL SEASON

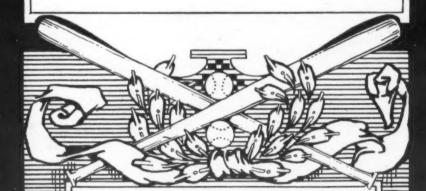
RAILROAD STRIKE

IRISH OCCURRENCES

SPORTS

STAGE AND SCREEN STARS

Over 100 Superb Rotogravure Etchings of Authentic Photographs, Depicting the World's Happenings



"PLAY BALL!"

John McGraw, manager of the New York Glants, photographed just before the beginning of the first championship game of the season at the Polo Grounds, New York, April 14, 1920, holding the Mexican wildcat "Billy," the mascot of the team. The Giants were defeated by the Boston Braves, 6-3.



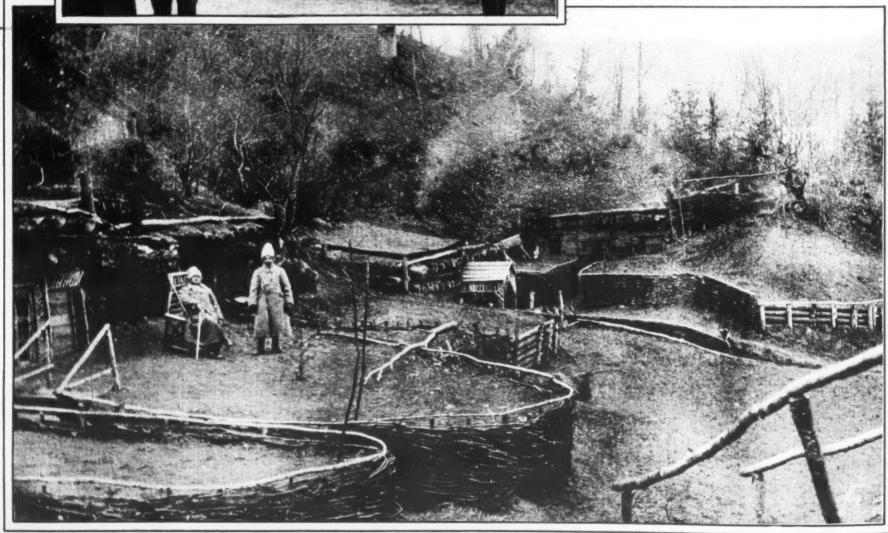
Flashlights



Railroads are slower than reindeers in North Russia, where the railroad system has disintegrated. American Red Cross supplies are transgrated. American Red Cross supplies are transported with Santa Claus's favorite steeds. Reindeers are able to make 9 miles an hour and keep at it 9 hours a day. The railroads do well if they average six miles an hour. Here is shown a convoy of empty sledges returning to Red Cross warehouses. The American officers in the party are holding a parley with an Eskimo.

(Photo by American Red Cross.)

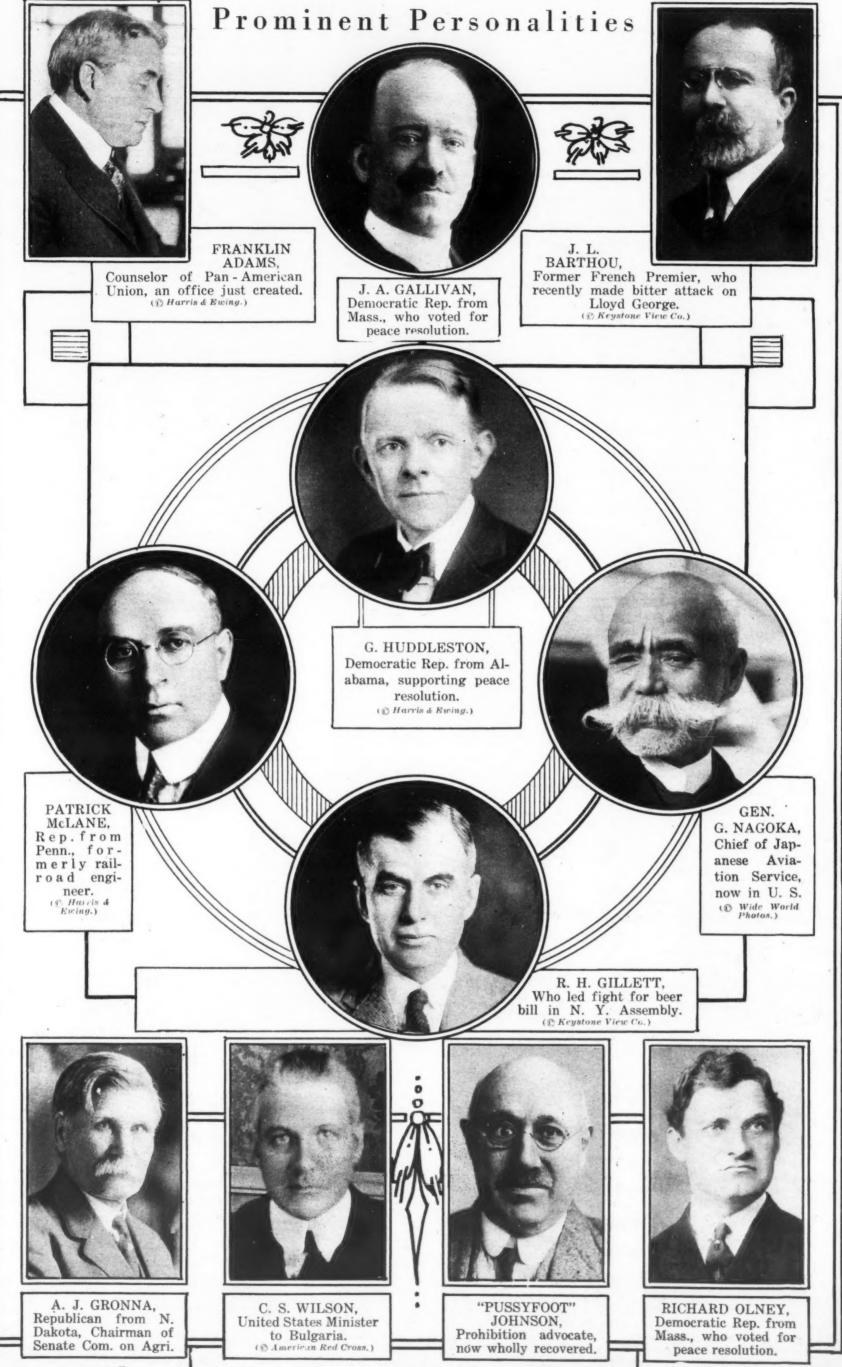
New attraction at the Summer resorts near London, England. Army tanks, some of which have seen service during the war, have been acquired by enterprising concession holders, who are expecting good business from the holiday crowds that are looking out for thrills.



This is a military outpost near the famous battlefield of Marasesti, where the Rumanians with but two divisions inflicted heavy losses on five German divisions and saved Northern Rumania from invasion. The Rumanian wounded were removed from the field in American Red Cross ambulances and treated by American doctors. On account of its sanguinary character the battle of Marasesti is known as (Photo by American Red Cross.)

"The Gettysburg of Rumania," The Government plans to build a great national memorial here.

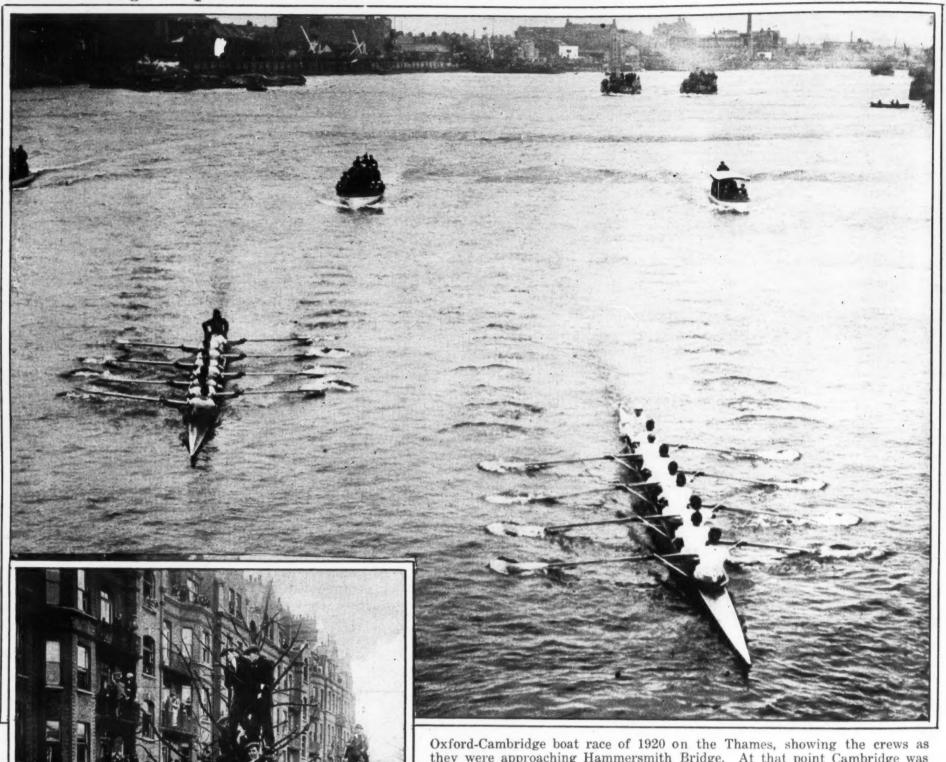
(Photo by MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, Vol. KI., No. 8, April 22, 1920. An illustrated weekly published by The New York Times Company. Times Square, New York. Subscription rate, \$5.00 a year. Copyright, 1920. by The New York Times Company. Entered as second-class matter, March 8, 1918, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 8, 1819, and with the Post Office Department of Canada as second-class matter.



00003

By an error, which we regret, the picture of Rear Admiral Frank A. Fletcher was inserted in the Mid-Week Pictorial of April 15 as having been removed from command by Admiral Sims. The Rear Admiral removed was W. B. Fletcher

Stirring Sports on Land and Water in America and



Oxford-Cambridge boat race of 1920 on the Thames, showing the crews as they were approaching Hammersmith Bridge. At that point Cambridge was leading by half a length. This advantage was gradually increased until when the finish line was crossed Cambridge was four lengths ahead. The betting favored Cambridge. The race was witnessed by enormous crowds that lined the river bank along the course.



Crowd at the Middlesex end of Hammersmith Bridge while the Oxford-Cambridge race was in progress. Every point of vantage was occupied, as can be seen by the human swarms on trees and balconies. (International.)

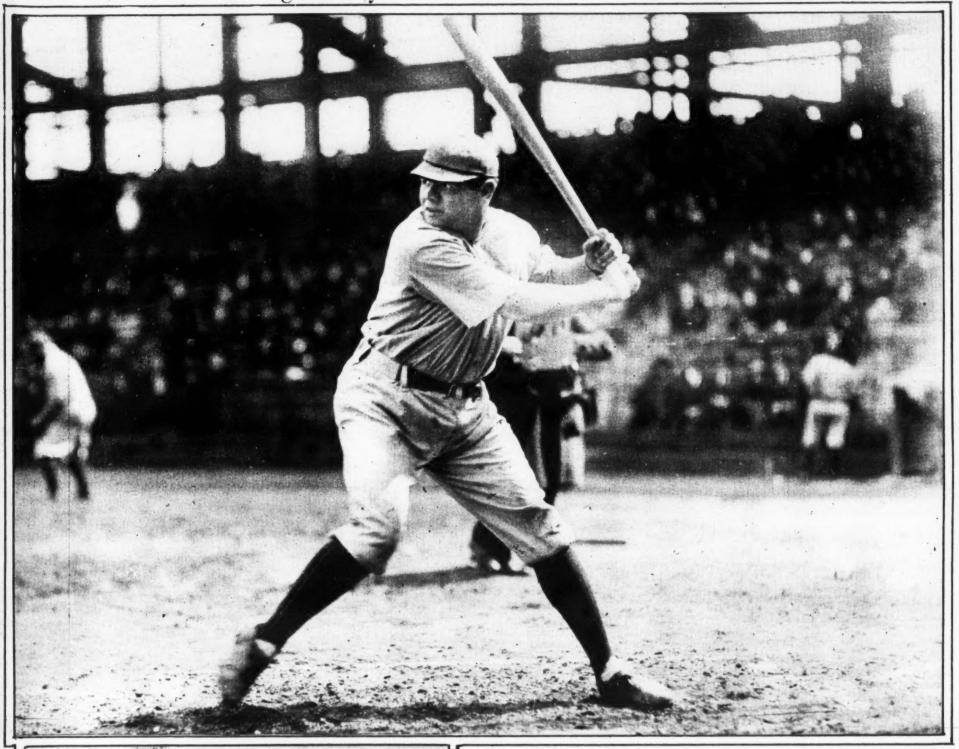
Bargeloads of spectators on the Middlesex shore and in strings of barges. No sporting event in England, except the Derby, causes such an outpouring., The race is the first that has been rowed between the rival universities since the end of the war.

(International.)



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Great Britain Caught by the Camera for Mid-Week Readers





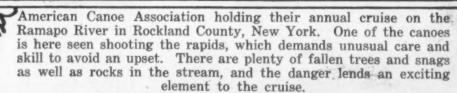
"Babe" Ruth, the mightiest batsman of them all, seen for the first time in Yankee uniform. He made twenty-nine home runs last season. His transfer from the Red Sox to the New York Americans, at a reported cost of \$125,000, was the sensation of the year. The great length of his bat is noticeable. All opposing pitchers view him with profound respect.

(© Wide World Photos.)

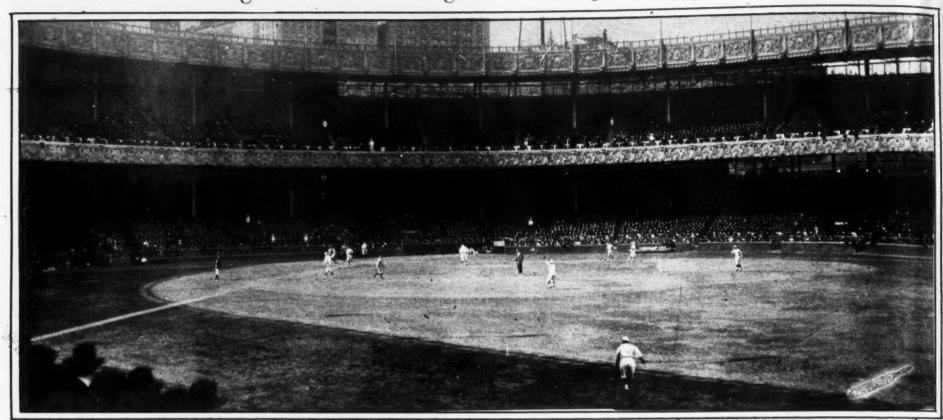


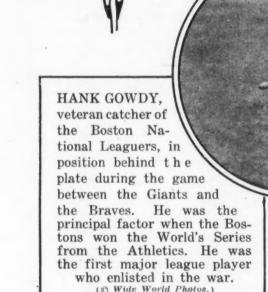
Members of Harvard's track team using full length mirrors in training. This plan has been initiated by their coach, Whelan, who has found it a valuable aid in emphasizing his instructions. The men can study their own leg action as they run, and can detect and correct defects.

ternational.) 00005



Crash of Bat Against Ball Signalizes Opening of Championship Bas





(@ Wide World Photos.)

JESS BARNES, leading pitcher last year in National League, who pitched in opening game for Giants. (Wide World Photos.

FRANK FRISCH, young "find" of the Giants, who is expected to

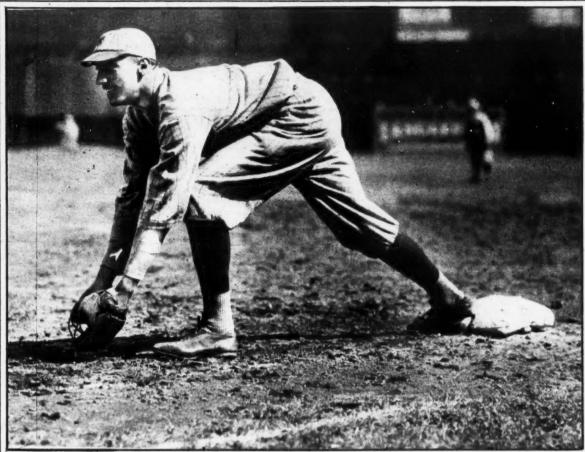
star at third base, succeeding Zimmerman. (Paul Thompson.)

Crowded stands at the Polo Grounds April 14, when the first game of the 1920 championship season was played between the Giants and the Boston Braves, the latter winning by 6 to 3. An infield fly has been raised by the batter, who is running to first, and the second baseman is preparing to take it. The right fielder is running in from his position to back up the play.

(**O Keystone View Co.**)

ip Baseball Season of 1920 in Metropolitan District





Brother played against brother in the opening game between Brooklyn and the Phillies. Mack Wheat (left) is shaking hands with his



Umpires McCormick and Hart at the Brooklyn-Phillies game, carrying the new balls on the field. No player must touch the balls till they are put in play.

(International.)

GEORGE KELLY, new first baseman of the Giants, who has the difficult task of trying to fill the shoes of Hal Chase, who is generally acknowledged to be the greatest first baseman ever in the game. Kelly is showing great promise.



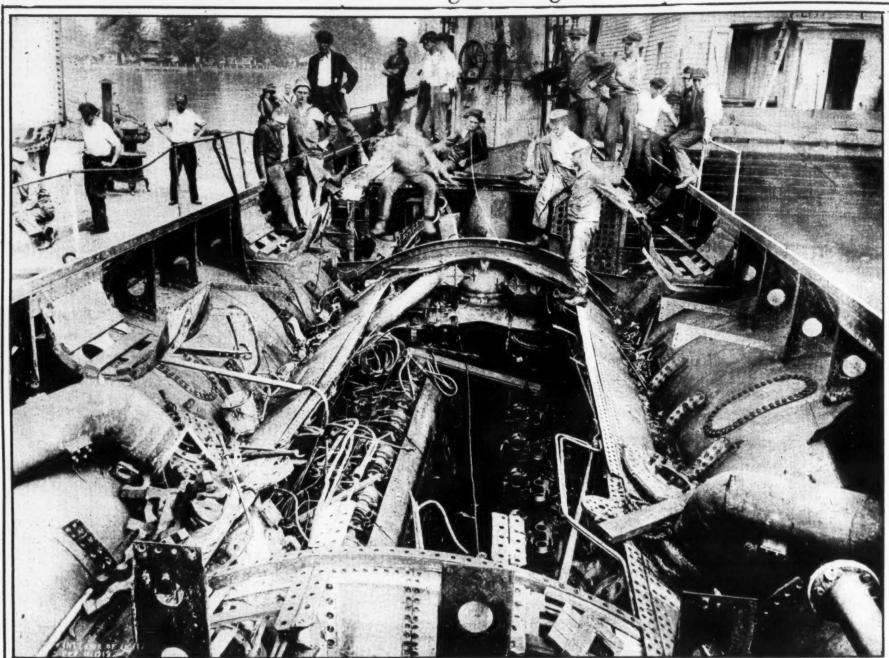




EDDIE EAYRS, Boston pitcher, whose work beat the Giants in opening game of the season at Polo Grounds. (() International.)

Two veterans of the game, "Gabby" Cravath, manager of the Phillies (left) and Wilbert Robinson, manager of Brooklyns, shaking hands before (International.) game.

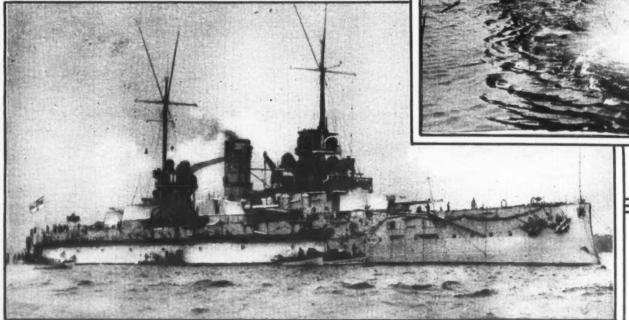
Maritime Incidents Figuring in Recent News



United States bluejackets dismantling one of the German submarines allotted to the United States by the Peace Treaty. Some idea of the complicated mechanism of these underwater terrors can be gained from the picture. In the early part of the war there is no question but that the German submarine as a fighting weapon was far more efficient than those of any other nation. They had special mechanisms and contrivances that the Allied nations were extremely anxious to fathom. All these former secrets are now public property and are being studied with keen interest by U. S. naval officers.

(© Wide World Photos.)

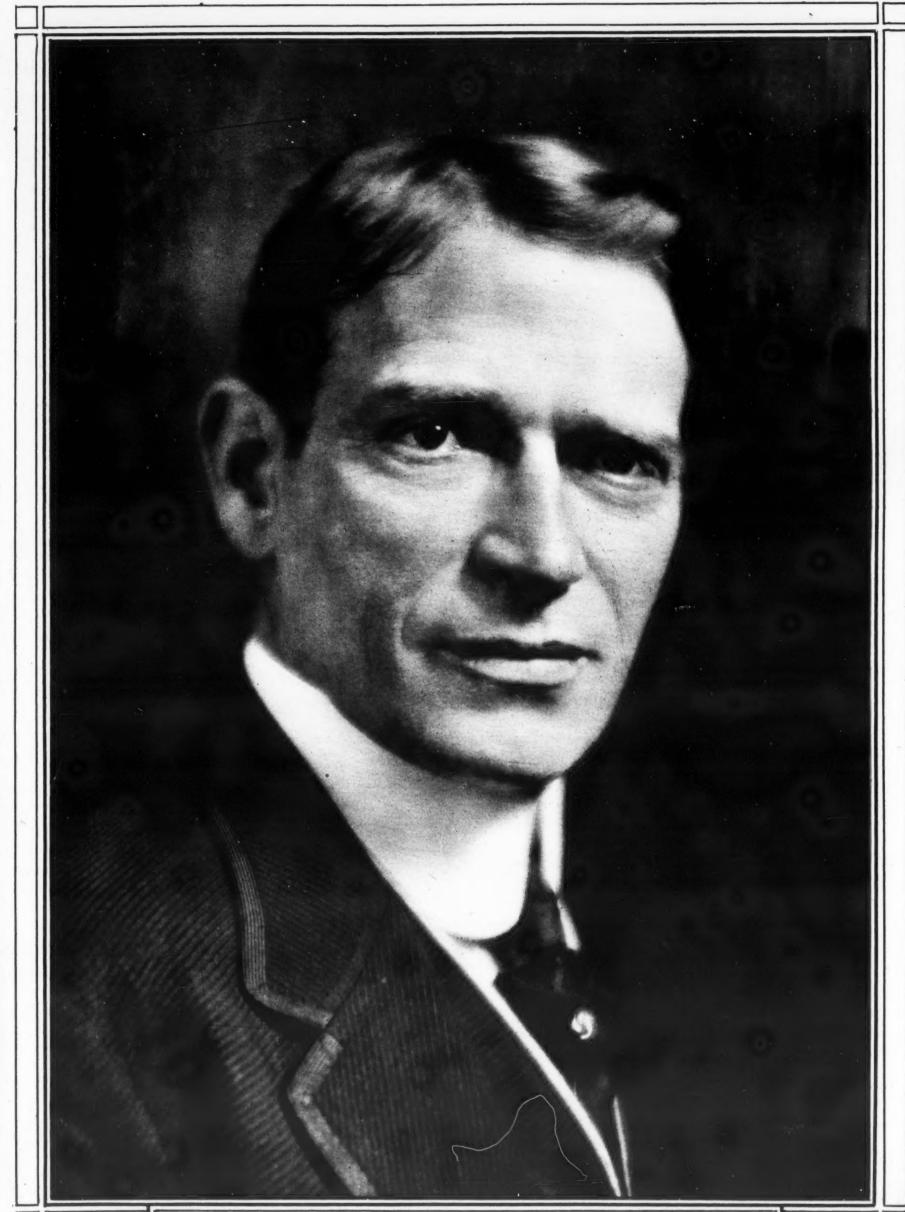




Former German warship Nassau, which will come to the United States as a prize of war. Examination of the ships surrendered by the Germans under the terms of the Peace Treaty has shown that they are already antiquated and could with difficulty be used in present-day navies. The Nassau may be utilized for target practice.

Launching of a big Cunarder for transatlantic service. She is named the Scythia, and is here shown taking the water at Barrow, England. The vessel is 625 feet long, 75 feet wide and is of 27,000 tons. She will burn oil exclusively, and is the first of her kind to be built for the Cunard Line. There has been a great development recently in British shipbuilding, and the losses occasioned by the war are being rapidly made up.

Presidential Aspirants. No. IV.





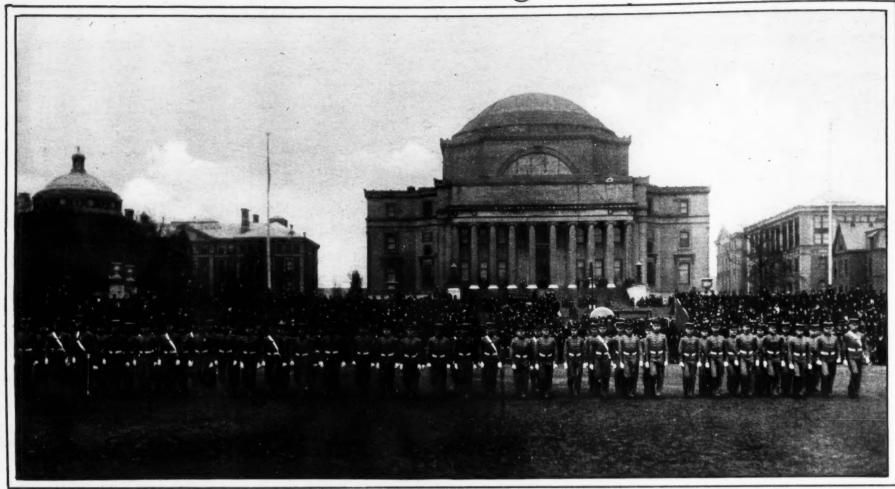
EDWARD I. EDWARDS.

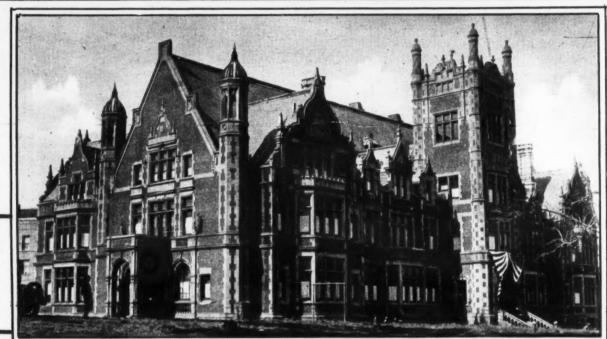
Born at Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 1, 1863; entered New York University in 1884, but did not graduate, leaving in his junior year; studied law in the office of his brother and became a practicing lawyer in Jersey City; became President of the First National Bank of Jersey City; served for six years as State Controller; served in New Jersey State Senate to fill an unexpired term; was elected Governor of New Jersey 1919 on an anti-prohibition platform; signed the 3.50 per cent. beer bill March 2, 1920.

(Photo © by Pirie MacDonald.)



Flashlights





West Point Cadets going through their evolutions on the South Field of Columbia University, April 11, 1920. The occasion was the annual visit of the Military Academy choir to the university. Before services were held in the chapel drill took place in the presence of a large throng of spectators, who applauded the faultless marching of the future officers.

(© Wide World Photos.)

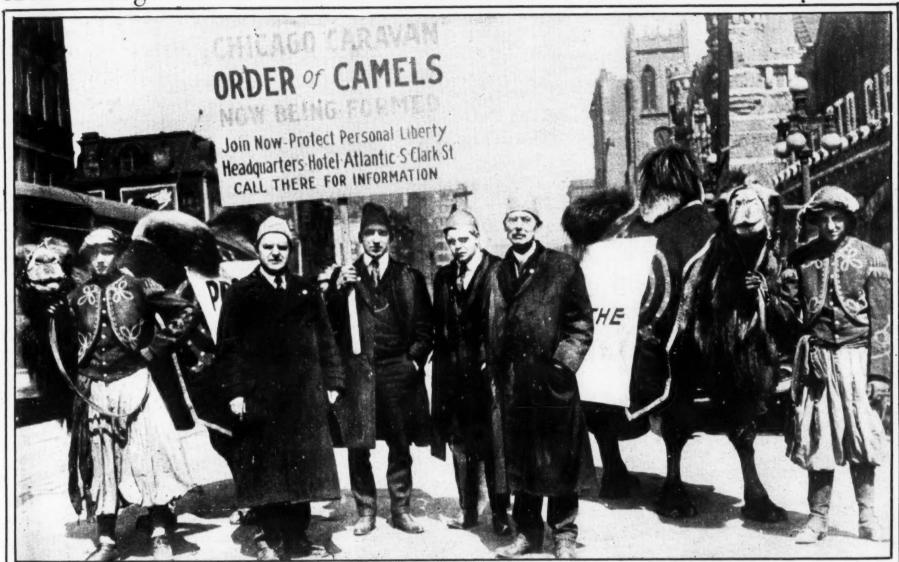
New and handsome Salvation Army Memorial Training College at Uni-versity Avenue and 176th Street, New York City, dedicated April 10. It provides facilities for 200 students, who will receive training in the Army work for from seven to nine months.

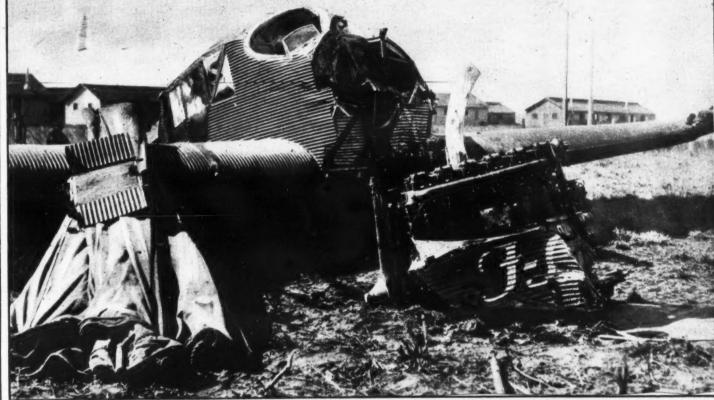
(© Underwood & Underwood.)



SOME OF THE EIGHTY-SEVEN CASKETS CONTAINING THE BODIES OF SOLDIERS OF THE U.S. AIR SERVICE, WHO DIED OF DISEASE OR OTHER CAUSES, AND WERE ORIGINALLY BURIED IN ENGLAND. THEY ARE HERE RANGED ON A PIER IN HOBOKEN, AFTER HAVING BEEN BROUGHT OVER BY THE TRANSPORT NANSEMOND.

Amusing and Serious Phases of Recent Occurrences





The resentment of the "wet" elements in Chicago and Milwaukee a g a i n s to their alleged wrongs under the Prohibition Amendment has found expression in the formation of the "Order of the Camels" to protect personal liberty. Unlike the camels, the members of the order cannot go long without a drink. They welcome an "oasis."

(© International.)



Wreck of the first German commercial airplane which came to this country after the war. It was utterly ruined by a fall at Roosevelt Field, L. I. The machine was an elaborate one, constructed of duralumin and the wing-spread was 48 feet. It had a luxurious cabin and was equipped with a 135 Bayern engine.

(© Wide World Photos.)

Admiral Sturdee, who sank the German fleet under von Spee off the Falkland Islands, Dec. 8, 1914, speaking at Lloyd's Exchange, London, March 18, after being presented with a massive vase by the members. He paid a generous tribute to von Spee. The bell seen at the right is the famous bell which sounds whenever the loss of a vessel at sea is announced. Its sound is always followed by a rush to learn the news. (© Underwood & Underwood.)



Figures and Happens in the "Outl

Strike Which Thrown the

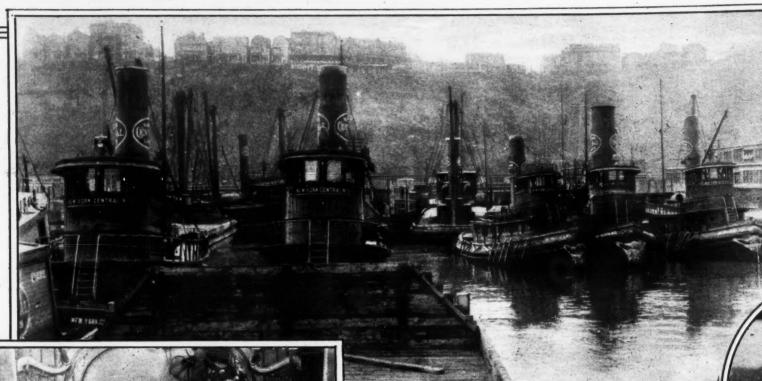
Railroads I

Confusio

Appointed by Preside

son to sit a representa the Railro

Board, the biter in



TUGS THAT WERE ABANDONED WITHOUT WARNING BY THE STRIKERS LINED UP ALONG THE JERSEY SHORE.

(® Underwood & Underwood.)

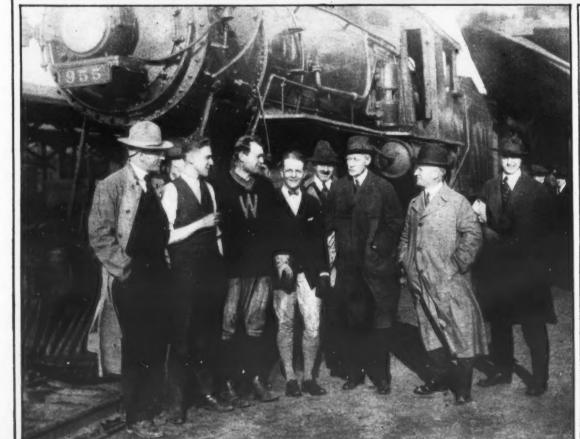


Telephone operators in the Erie service, unable to travel to and from their homes, being quartered in the special train of President of the road.



Chicago stock yards put temporarily out of business because of the inability of the railroads to bring in stock. 40,-000 men were thrown out of work. (1) Underwood &

Underwood.)



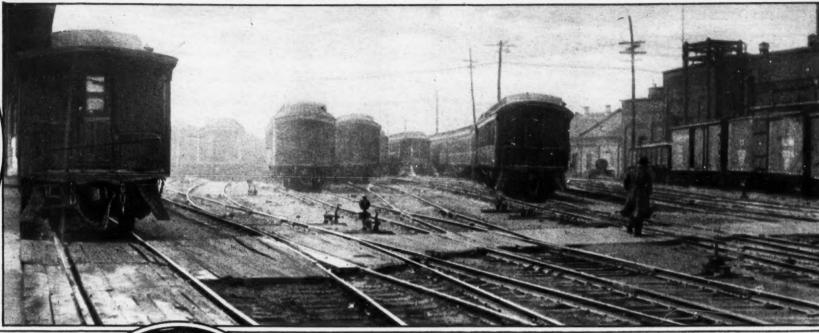
CREW OF THE "INDIGNATION SPECIAL" BROUGHT TO NEW YORK FROM ENGLEWOOD, N. J., BY BUSINESS MEN. MAYOR McKENNA OF ENGLEWOOD IS SECOND FROM RIGHT.



HIGH OFFICIALS OF SOME OF THE CHICAGO RAILROADS ARE HERE SHOWN IN OVERALLS AS THEY DID THE WORLD OF STRIKING SWITCHMEN.

Tigures
Tappenings
e "Outlaw"
Which Has
rown the
roads Into

JOHN GRUNAU,
President and organizer of strikers' association.
(© International.)

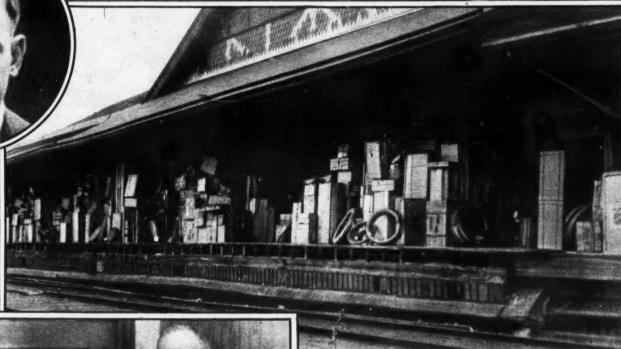


PASSENGER TRAINS STANDING DESERTED IN THE ERIE RAILROAD YARDS IN JERSEY CITY, FOLLOWING THE STRIKE.



JAMES S.
O'GARA,
Organizer of Chicago Yardmen's
Association that
called the strike.

(© International.)



A. PHILLIPS,
Appointed April 13
by President Wilson to sit as a labor
representative on
the Railroad Labor
Board, the final arbiter in railway
wage disputes.
(© International.)

OF THE CHIERE SHOWN
D. THE WORK

HMEN



Freight piled up at the West Shore Railroad Station in Weehawken, N. J. The scene is typical of scores of similar ones along the New York and New Jersey water fronts, where the sudden desertion of work by strikers has tied up transportation.

(1) Underwood & Underwood.)

Railroad union officials conferring in Chicago on means to stop the unauthorized strike. Seated, S. E. Heberling, Pres. of Switchmen's Union. Standing, left to right, A. D. Whitney, trainmen; E. Corrigan, engineers; A. Phillips, firemen, and L. N. Berry, conductors.

(**O International.**)



G. W. W. HANGER, New public representative on Railroad Labor Board.

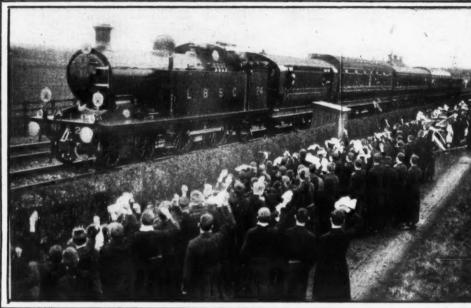


PART OF ALMOST ENDLESS LINE OF PASSENGERS WAITING FOR A BOAT TO TAKE THEM TO NEW JERSEY. FERRIES WERE BADLY CRIPPLED.

00013

Prince of Wales on His Journey to the Antipodes

It has always been the custom of the British Government to have the heir to the throne travel extensively to all parts of the British Dominions in order to knit the people of those outlying possessions more closely to the mother country and also to aid in the education of the Prince. This was done by the present King and also by his father, King Edward, who extended his visit to this country in 1860. The recent visit of the present Prince of Wales to the United States is still fresh in the popular mind. He has now set out on a 13,000 mile journey to the Antipodes. Last month he had reached the Panama Canal, and although his visit was somewhat marred by the slide that damaged the canal, he seemed to have an enjoyable time and made a distinctly favorable impression. His voyage began on March 9 and it was expected that he would reach the end of his journey to New Zealand by April 17.





Albert Edward, Prince of Wales and heir to the British throne (centre) and his two younger brothers. At left is Prince Albert Frederick, born 1895, and at right is Prince Henry William, born in 1900. The trio were photographed at Portsmouth.

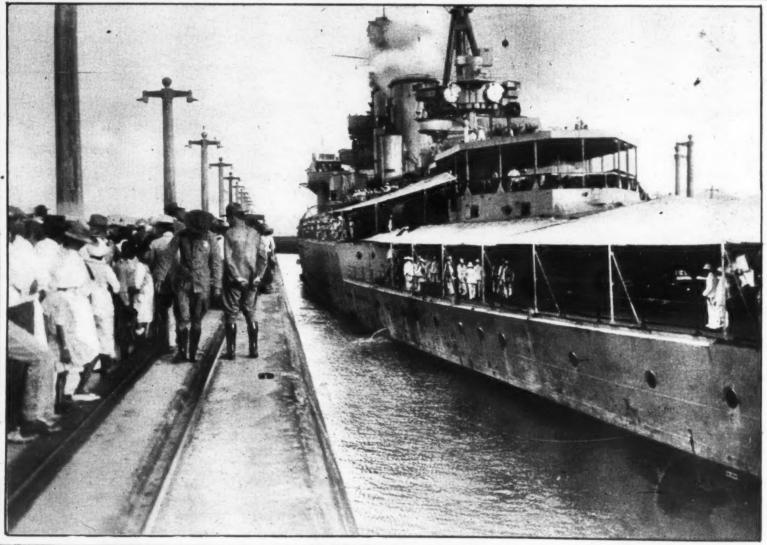
Prince of Wales
en route to
Portsmouth on
his journey to
New Zealand,
leaning from
the window of
his train to ack nowledge
cheers of schoolboys.

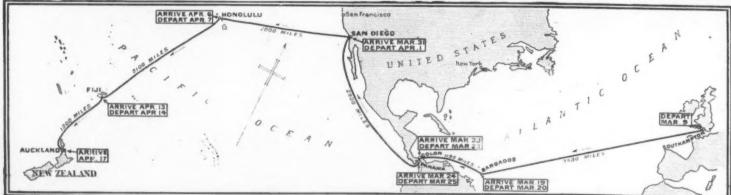
(Central News.



British battle cruiser Renown bearing the Prince and his suite passing through the Panama Canal. View taken at Pedro Miguel Locks.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)





Route to be traverse rsed in the 13,000 - mile journey of the Prince of Wales from Portsmouth, England to Auckland, New Zealand.

Grave Disburbances Prevalent in Ireland





Sandwich men parading before the House of Commons while the Home Rule bill was being discussed, carrying placards which represented the protest of Ulsterites and Unionists against the measure. The placards are violently anti-Sinn Fein in sentiment.



Funeral procession of the Lord Mayor of Cork passing along Camden Quay in that city. Great throngs crowded the streets, the hearse was covered with flowers and there were manifestations of public

sorrow.

SIR
WM. ROBERTSON,
head of the forces of the British Empire, and who, it is reported, will succeed Lord French
as Military Chief in Ireland.



SIR HAMAR GREENWOOD, Canadian by birth, who has been appointed as Chief Secretary for Ireland, succeeding Ian MacPherson. He has been in the British War Office since 1916.

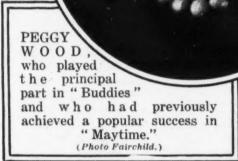
THOMAS M'CURTAIN,
Sinn Fein Lord Mayor of Cork, who
was shot dead in his home by armed
raiders late at night. The murder was
particularly brutal. The assassins have
not been apprehended.

(**O International.**)

00015









LAURETTE TAYLOR,
whose play, "One Night in Rome," is to open
in London.

(Photo Sarony,)



playing "Dolores" in the revival of "Florodora."



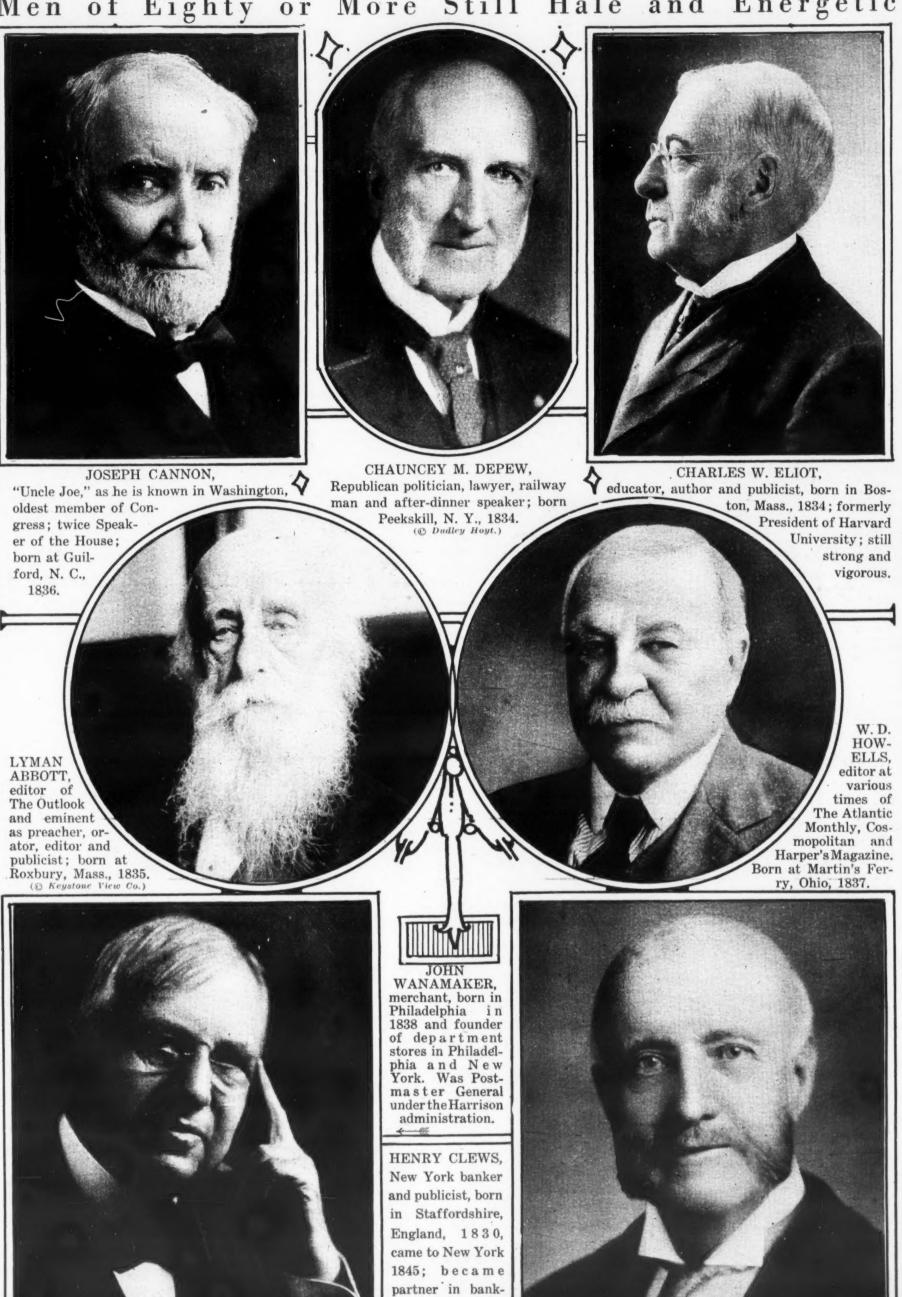
JEANNE EAGELS,

HELEN HAYES, who scored in plays of "Clarence" and "Bab." (Photo Geisler & Andrews.)



JANE
COWL,
playing leading
role in "Smilin'
Through."
(Photo White.)

Men of Eighty or More Still Hale and Energetic



ing house 1858; is at his desk daily. (@ Campbell Studios.)

00017

Attacks on Jewish Inhabitants of the Holy City by



ANTI-ZIONIST DEMONSTRATIONS IN JERUSALEM MARCH 8. MOBS OF ARABS, RESENTFUL AGAINST THE JEWISH DOM-INANCE IN JERUSALEM, ARE HERE SEEN LISTENING TO IMPASSIONED HARANGUES BY NATIONALIST AGITATORS.



BETWEEN SEVEN AND EIGHT THOUSAND ARABS, TURKS AND CHRISTIANS PARADING THE STREETS OF THE HOLY CITY AS A DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THE PROPOSAL THAT PALESTINE BE HANDED OVER TO THE JEWS.

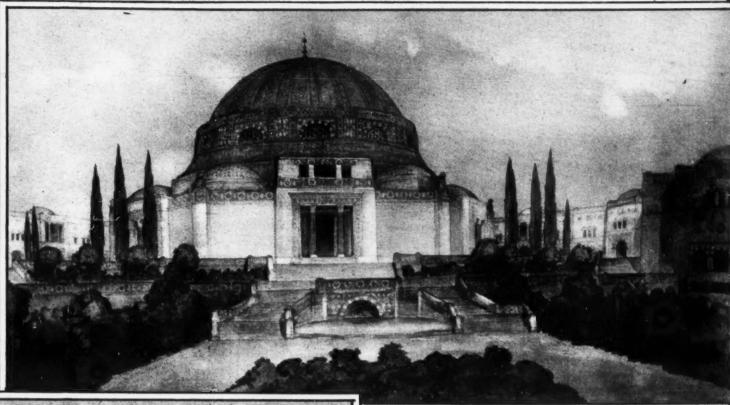
Fanatical Mobs Incited by Arab National Propagandists

Main building of the Hebrew University at Jerusalem, now being constructed on the Mount of Olives. The work is being done under the direction of Professor Geddes of the University of Edin-burgh, who in addition is planning the modernizing of Jerusalem, Haifa, Jaffa and other leading cities of Palestine under commission from the Zionist organization. Many noted European professors have agreed to join the University Faculty, including the celebrated Einstein and Dr. August Was-



No. 26 Vol. 1

NEWS will confer a favor upon the



Jerusalem News AN AMERICAN NEWSPAPER The first daily in Jerusalem printed in the English language

JERUSALEM, FRIDAY, JAN. 9, 1920.

P. T. 1

REUTERS TELEGRAMS (All rights reserved) -

(All rights reserved)

Tolograms seep sublished are now items and not the expension of official opinion or policy.

Let the Tologram seep such a says that the Allies will probably decide that the Sultan as Caliph shall be left at Constantinople, while the Turkish Government will be transferred to the other side of be transferred to the other side of be transferred to the other side of the Straits. An Allied Commission will administer Constantinopie and every car will be taken not to lessen the Sultan's dignity or religious.

authority. A Moscow wireless message claims the Bolshevik capture of the important centres of Ekaterinosiav and Novo Moskowsk in fighting against General Denikin.

Scotland beat France by 5 to 0 in a rugger contest at Paris.
There is no trath in the New York report of Sir Horace Pluskett's death. Rénter's correspondent at Battle Greek report to day thet Sir Horace has arrived there in good health.

Bankers' clearing house on-

Bankers' clearing house op-erations in 1919 aggregated to 28,445

stucks. The Letts equally are throwing back attacks in the Ukraino-General Pellura's army is broken up and he = no longer a serious factor in Russian politics, in South Russia, Hesteral Denikin's retreat restored years beginning restored to the construct of the construction of the construc of splitting up General Denisin's forces, in East Russia, Red troops are driving back General Dutov's weaker forces towards the Mongohan frontier. Ale Allied contingent on the railways is withdrawing east-wards in conjunction with the main Siberian army. *

It is authoritatively estimated that the present of the German armed forces is over a million, composed of: Army, 400,000; Navy, 12,000; temporary volunteers or army reserves, 150,000 to 200,000; civic guards, 200,000 to 400,000, and armed constabulary, 40,000 to 50,000. The last three are controlled by the Ministry of the Interior, and are regarded as a contravention of the Peace Treaty. This fact has been notified to Germany by the Supre-

YOU'RE MISSING IT. if you leave Jerusalem without neeling THE WORLD FAMED MODELS OF THE TEMPLE. Public Lectures daily stable AMERICAN COLONY STORES

The Mear East Motor & Engineering Co.

B. S. Shiber, Managing Director.

S. Shither, Managing Director, affi Gaits Road, Jerusaliem Care & Moter-Cycles Per Sais And Mire Frivata Meter Care Garagol. Large Stocks Of Cycles For Sais stomabile and Cycle Accomarion in Health uses Daily Tripe To Jaffa and Habben & Excursions We All Parts Of The Country By Special Arrangement. All Hepairs Undertaken.

BRISTOL GARDEN. RESTAURANT and CAFE.

The Augle-American Store, SUNUNU BRON. Olivo wood, mother of Pearl, Srans ware, and Biblical Articles Souvenirs of the Hely Land.

ELIAS T. GELAT

EFORE the war was fairly over, the British Government, without objection from the other Allies, had practically promised that Palestine should be restored to the Jews, to be governed by them under the benevolent supervision of the Allied Governments. The Turks were apathetic after the shock of their defeat, and though they did not acquiesce in the arrangement they felt that they were in the hands of the conquerors. In the year and more that has elapsed there has been a recrudescence of Turkish national feeling and pronounced protests are being made against the proposal of Jewish rule for Palestine. In addition, the Arabs, who under the leadership of Prince Feisal are agitating for self-government in Syria, adjacent to Palestine, are bitterly opposed to the Zionist movement. The pictures herewith shown illustrate some phases of the agitation now in progress. The matter has been handled with considerable tact by the authorities in Jerusalem until recently, but despite this a serious clash is reported to have occurred on Easter Sunday, April 4, and the two days following. It is stated that Moslem mobs attacked the Jews, that 3 were killed, 241 wounded, 50 severely, and that 60 shops were sacked.

Reproduction of a page of the Jerusalem News, a newspaper published in the English language. It was founded last December by an American woman. It is published daily at the price of one piastre and is a promising venture.

(International.)

Unique and historic protest by Arabs, Moslems, and Christians against Jewish rule over Palestine. Flags were waved bearing the inscriptions: "We ask for justice"; "We oppose Zionist immigration"; "Our land is for us"; "May he not live who betrays the fatherland." Petitions were presented to American, French, Spanish and Italian Consuls and the British Military Governor against the Zionist movement, and these officials promised to present them to their respective Gov-

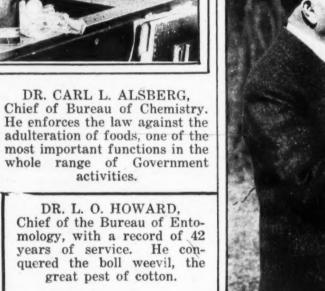
ernments. (C. International.) 00019



Men Through
Whom the
Government
Cares for Its
Resources and
the Health of
Its People

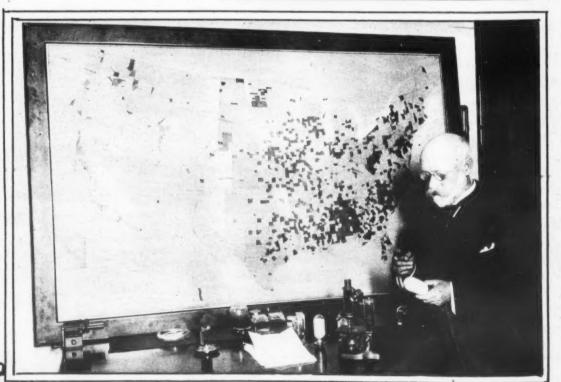


DR. E. W. NELSON, Chief of the Bureau of Biological Survey. His work is to exterminate noxious animals, and he has 360 expert hunters for that purpose.



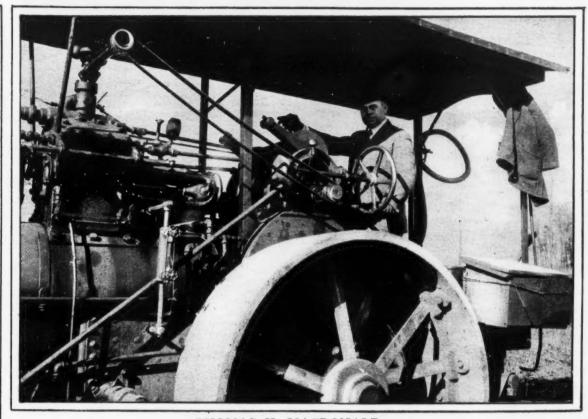


COLONEL W. B. GREELEY, Chief of Forest Service. He has under his supervision 155,000,000 acres of national forests. His work is to prevent fires and reforest devastated areas.



PROF. MILTON WHITNEY,
Chief of Bureau of Soils. His function is to make two blades of grass
grow where one grew before. His bureau analyzes the quality of soils in
various parts of the country and recommends measures to increase their
fertility. He has analyzed 517,940 square miles.





THOMAS H. MACDONALD,
Chief of Bureau of Public Roads. In these days, when swift and economical transportation has become a matter of prime importance, the value of making good roads and keeping them good can hardly be overestimated. The program for this year contemplates an outlay of \$633,000,000.

DR. WILLIAM A. TAYLOR, Chief of Bureau of Plant Industry. His concern is our daily bread, fruit, vegetables and clothing. Through his bureau have come a better wheat from Russia, a superior cotton from Egypt, a better date from Palestine and from Brazil the navel orange for California.



DR. JOHN R. MOHLER, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry. The work of his bureau is to supervise the health of flocks and herds, to seek remedies for the diseases that afflict them and to see that none are slaughtered and sold that are unfit for food. 75,000,000 slaughtered animals came under the bureau's supervision last year.

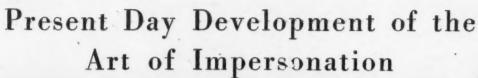
(Photos from Department of Agriculture.)

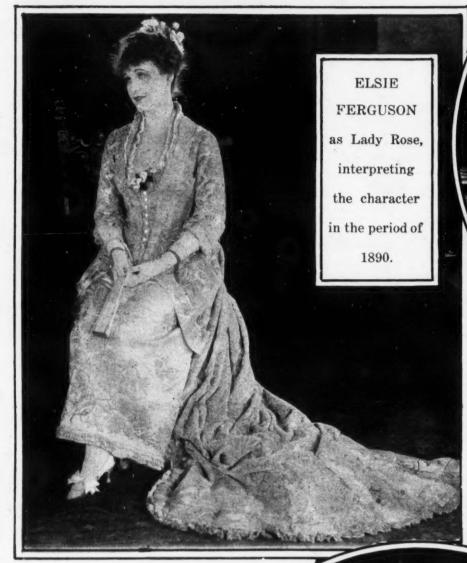






PROF. CHARLES MARTIN, Chief of Weather Bureau. He tells the farmer when to harvest, the Captain when to sail and the ordinary citizen when to carry an umbrella. Chairman Federal
Horticultural Board,
whose work lies in
keeping plant pests
and diseases, like the
European corn borer,
from entering the
country.







Miss Ferguson as
Lady Maude, in an episode
that is staged for the
period of 1860.

As Julie Le Breton, Lady Rose's daughter, Miss Ferguson makes a specially attractive appeal.

THE versatility demanded of modern players has a striking illustration in the play of "Lady Rose's Daughter," adapted from the novel of that name by the late Mrs. Humphry Ward. The principal player is called upon to represent three generations of one family in periods thirty years apart, 1860, 1890 and 1920. This requires three entirely different phases of acting. The player has to be imbued with the distinctive atmosphere of the period, with all its shadees of popular emotion. Care has to be taken that the stage costumes and settings are historically correct to meet the ever-grow-

ing critical fastidiousness of spectators.



Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, the screen version of the classic by Robert Louis Stevenson, has received an impressive interpretation through the art of John Barrymore. In the picture above he is seen in the character of Dr. Jekyll, the benevolent physician. The picture at the left shows him in his first transformation into Hyde, in which he uses no artificial makeup, relying solely upon his power of facial expression. The picture at the right, showing him as the fully developed demon Hyde, is a marvel of

transformation.

Photos Paramount Arteraft.)





Flashlights



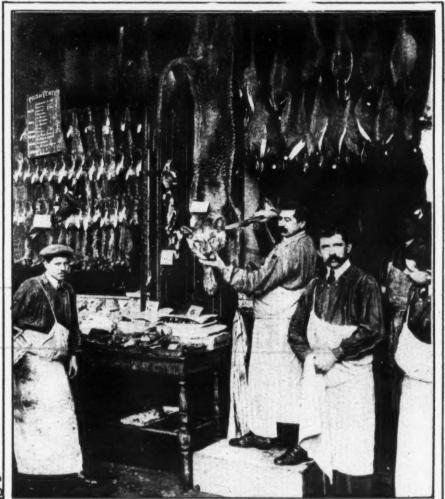


The high cost of living division of the Department of Justice is helping housekeepers in the selection of cheap and nutritious cuts of meat. The chef of a large Washington hotel is giving a demonstration.

(© Harris & Ewing.)

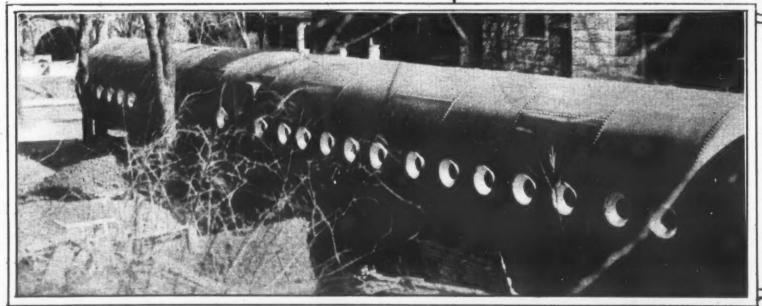
One of the dangers ever present in steeplechasing is illustrated by this picture of a crash at Sandown Park in England when Derry Boy falls and Sober Luke throws his rider. The riders were in imminent peril, but escaped without serious injury. The "hazards" on English courses are difficult and the sport is thrilling.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)



Lion steaks are a novelty in the markets, and will probably never become popular. A lion who met with an accident in a Paris menagerie was cut up and offered for sale recently in a market of the French capital.

(© International.)

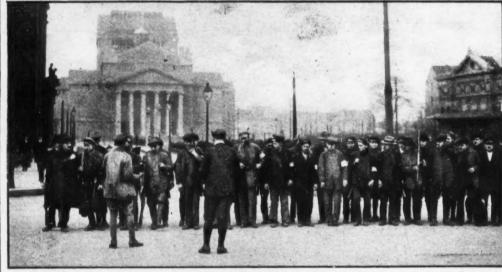


Novel steel tank in the back yard of a Kansas City physician, in which is a chamber in which patients are placed for treatment by compressed air. It accommodates 72 people. The claim is made that the treat-ment is beneficial for neuritis, heart disease, rheuma-tism, pneumonia, and paralysis.

Last Episodes in the Short-Lived Kapp Rebellion

THE departure of the Baltic troops from Berlin was accompanied by bloodshed. Their arrival a few days before had been received by the Berlin populace with surprise, but with a certain amount of indifference and good nature. There had been no hostile demonstrations of any kind. The temper of the crowds had changed, however, when the troops began their withdrawal. The soldiers themselves were sullen and chagrined at the failure of the revolt, and they marched through the their weapons ready for action. At the Brandenburg Gate there were jeers and hisses on the part of the crowd. Suddenly a signal was given and machine guns were fired point blank into the throngs. A number were killed and wounded and the people scattered in dismay.





Revolutionary detachment in Duisberg. The lack of uniforms and soldierly bearing is noticeable.

(© Wide World Photos.)

(Above.) Although an element of tragedy was involved in the abortive Kapp revolt, it partook in some features of comic opera. It lasted just five days. The Baltic troops are here seen retiring through the same Brandenburg Gate that they had entered in triumph shortly before.

The Sonora Secession

EST Milit Me Ca a

ESTABAN CANTU,
Military Governor of the
Mexican State of Lower
California, who disavows any connection
with the Sonora secession movement.
Cantu is probably
the best administrator and most
progressive statesman in Mexico.

GENERAL R. PINA, commanding military forces in the State of Sonora, which has declared its secession from Mexico. The movement is suspected to have been instigated by Obregon, one of the Mexican Presidential candidates. The first fighting following the secession occurred at El Fuerte, April 14.



CALIFORNIA
SAN DIEGO
NITED STAIES
NEW
MEXICO

NACOZARI
SONOR A

PUERTO
SANTA

NACOZARI
I
C

NACOZARI

MAP OF SONORA AND LOWER CALIFORNIA, WITH CROSS MARKING WHERE THE FIRST CLASH OCCURRED.